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Mount Vernon Banner Historic Newspaper 1856

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5-20-1856

### Mount Vernon Democratic Banner May 20, 1856

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The Mt. Vernon Democratic Banner,  
PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING,  
BY L. HARPER.  
Office in Woodward's Block, Second Story

# RATES OF ADVERTISING.

|              | 1 week. | 2 weeks. | 3 weeks. | 4 weeks. | 5 weeks. | 6 weeks. | 7 weeks. | 8 weeks. | 9 weeks. | 10 weeks. | 11 weeks. | 12 weeks. | 13 weeks. | 14 weeks. | 15 weeks. | 16 weeks. | 17 weeks. | 18 weeks. | 19 weeks. | 20 weeks. | 21 weeks. | 22 weeks. | 23 weeks. | 24 weeks. | 25 weeks. | 26 weeks. | 27 weeks. | 28 weeks. | 29 weeks. | 30 weeks. | 31 weeks. | 32 weeks. | 33 weeks. | 34 weeks. | 35 weeks. | 36 weeks. | 37 weeks. | 38 weeks. | 39 weeks. | 40 weeks. | 41 weeks. | 42 weeks. | 43 weeks. | 44 weeks. | 45 weeks. | 46 weeks. | 47 weeks. | 48 weeks. | 49 weeks. | 50 weeks. | 51 weeks. | 52 weeks. | 53 weeks. | 54 weeks. | 55 weeks. | 56 weeks. | 57 weeks. | 58 weeks. | 59 weeks. | 60 weeks. | 61 weeks. | 62 weeks. | 63 weeks. | 64 weeks. | 65 weeks. | 66 weeks. | 67 weeks. | 68 weeks. | 69 weeks. | 70 weeks. | 71 weeks. | 72 weeks. | 73 weeks. | 74 weeks. | 75 weeks. | 76 weeks. | 77 weeks. | 78 weeks. | 79 weeks. | 80 weeks. | 81 weeks. | 82 weeks. | 83 weeks. | 84 weeks. | 85 weeks. | 86 weeks. | 87 weeks. | 88 weeks. | 89 weeks. | 90 weeks. | 91 weeks. | 92 weeks. | 93 weeks. | 94 weeks. | 95 weeks. | 96 weeks. | 97 weeks. | 98 weeks. | 99 weeks. | 100 weeks. |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |       |       |       |       |       |        |
|--------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| 1 square, -  | 1.00    | 1.25     | 1.50     | 1.75     | 2.00     | 2.25     | 2.50     | 2.75     | 3.00     | 3.25      | 3.50      | 3.75      | 4.00      | 4.25      | 4.50      | 4.75      | 5.00      | 5.25      | 5.50      | 5.75      | 6.00      | 6.25      | 6.50      | 6.75      | 7.00      | 7.25      | 7.50      | 7.75      | 8.00      | 8.25      | 8.50      | 8.75      | 9.00      | 9.25      | 9.50      | 9.75      | 10.00     | 10.25     | 10.50     | 10.75     | 11.00     | 11.25     | 11.50     | 11.75     | 12.00     | 12.25     | 12.50     | 12.75     | 13.00     | 13.25     | 13.50     | 13.75     | 14.00     | 14.25     | 14.50     | 14.75     | 15.00     | 15.25     | 15.50     | 15.75     | 16.00     | 16.25     | 16.50     | 16.75     | 17.00     | 17.25     | 17.50     | 17.75     | 18.00     | 18.25     | 18.50     | 18.75     | 19.00     | 19.25     | 19.50     | 19.75     | 20.00     | 20.25     | 20.50     | 20.75     | 21.00     | 21.25     | 21.50     | 21.75     | 22.00     | 22.25     | 22.50     | 22.75     | 23.00     | 23.25     | 23.50     | 23.75     | 24.00     | 24.25     | 24.50     | 24.75     | 25.00     | 25.25     | 25.50     | 25.75      | 26.00 | 26.25 | 26.50 | 26.75 | 27.00 | 27.25 | 27.50 | 27.75 | 28.00 | 28.25 | 28.50 | 28.75 | 29.00 | 29.25 | 29.50 | 29.75 | 30.00 | 30.25 | 30.50 | 30.75 | 31.00 | 31.25 | 31.50 | 31.75 | 32.00 | 32.25 | 32.50 | 32.75 | 33.00 | 33.25 | 33.50 | 33.75 | 34.00 | 34.25 | 34.50 | 34.75 | 35.00 | 35.25 | 35.50 | 35.75 | 36.00 | 36.25 | 36.50 | 36.75 | 37.00 | 37.25 | 37.50 | 37.75 | 38.00 | 38.25 | 38.50 | 38.75 | 39.00 | 39.25 | 39.50 | 39.75 | 40.00 | 40.25 | 40.50 | 40.75 | 41.00 | 41.25 | 41.50 | 41.75 | 42.00 | 42.25 | 42.50 | 42.75 | 43.00 | 43.25 | 43.50 | 43.75 | 44.00 | 44.25 | 44.50 | 44.75 | 45.00 | 45.25 | 45.50 | 45.75 | 46.00 | 46.25 | 46.50 | 46.75 | 47.00 | 47.25 | 47.50 | 47.75 | 48.00 | 48.25 | 48.50 | 48.75 | 49.00 | 49.25 | 49.50 | 49.75 | 50.00 | 50.25 | 50.50 | 50.75 | 51.00 | 51.25 | 51.50 | 51.75 | 52.00 | 52.25 | 52.50 | 52.75 | 53.00 | 53.25 | 53.50 | 53.75 | 54.00 | 54.25 | 54.50 | 54.75 | 55.00 | 55.25 | 55.50 | 55.75 | 56.00 | 56.25 | 56.50 | 56.75 | 57.00 | 57.25 | 57.50 | 57.75 | 58.00 | 58.25 | 58.50 | 58.75 | 59.00 | 59.25 | 59.50 | 59.75 | 60.00 | 60.25 | 60.50 | 60.75 | 61.00 | 61.25 | 61.50 | 61.75 | 62.00 | 62.25 | 62.50 | 62.75 | 63.00 | 63.25 | 63.50 | 63.75 | 64.00 | 64.25 | 64.50 | 64.75 | 65.00 | 65.25 | 65.50 | 65.75 | 66.00 | 66.25 | 66.50 | 66.75 | 67.00 | 67.25 | 67.50 | 67.75 | 68.00 | 68.25 | 68.50 | 68.75 | 69.00 | 69.25 | 69.50 | 69.75 | 70.00 | 70.25 | 70.50 | 70.75 | 71.00 | 71.25 | 71.50 | 71.75 | 72.00 | 72.25 | 72.50 | 72.75 | 73.00 | 73.25 | 73.50 | 73.75 | 74.00 | 74.25 | 74.50 | 74.75 | 75.00 | 75.25 | 75.50 | 75.75 | 76.00 | 76.25 | 76.50 | 76.75 | 77.00 | 77.25 | 77.50 | 77.75 | 78.00 | 78.25 | 78.50 | 78.75 | 79.00 | 79.25 | 79.50 | 79.75 | 80.00 | 80.25 | 80.50 | 80.75 | 81.00 | 81.25 | 81.50 | 81.75 | 82.00 | 82.25 | 82.50 | 82.75 | 83.00 | 83.25 | 83.50 | 83.75 | 84.00 | 84.25 | 84.50 | 84.75 | 85.00 | 85.25 | 85.50 | 85.75 | 86.00 | 86.25 | 86.50 | 86.75 | 87.00 | 87.25 | 87.50 | 87.75 | 88.00 | 88.25 | 88.50 | 88.75 | 89.00 | 89.25 | 89.50 | 89.75 | 90.00 | 90.25 | 90.50 | 90.75 | 91.00 | 91.25 | 91.50 | 91.75 | 92.00 | 92.25 | 92.50 | 92.75   | 93.00 | 93.25 | 93.50 | 93.75 | 94.00 | 94.25 | 94.50 | 94.75 | 95.00 | 95.25 | 95.50 | 95.75 | 96.00 | 96.25 | 96.50 | 96.75 | 97.00 | 97.25 | 97.50 | 97.75 | 98.00 | 98.25 | 98.50  | 98.75 | 99.00 | 99.25 | 99.50 | 99.75 | 100.00 |
| 2 squares, - | 1.75    | 2.25     | 2.50     | 3.00     | 3.25     | 3.50     | 4.00     | 4.25     | 4.50     | 4.75      | 5.00      | 5.25      | 5.50      | 5.75      | 6.00      | 6.25      | 6.50      | 6.75      | 7.00      | 7.25      | 7.50      | 7.75      | 8.00      | 8.25      | 8.50      | 8.75      | 9.00      | 9.25      | 9.50      | 9.75      | 10.00     | 10.25     | 10.50     | 10.75     | 11.00     | 11.25     | 11.50     | 11.75     | 12.00     | 12.25     | 12.50     | 12.75     | 13.00     | 13.25     | 13.50     | 13.75     | 14.00     | 14.25     | 14.50     | 14.75     | 15.00     | 15.25     | 15.50     | 15.75     | 16.00     | 16.25     | 16.50     | 16.75     | 17.00     | 17.25     | 17.50     | 17.75     | 18.00     | 18.25     | 18.50     | 18.75     | 19.00     | 19.25     | 19.50     | 19.75     | 20.00     | 20.25     | 20.50     | 20.75     | 21.00     | 21.25     | 21.50     | 21.75     | 22.00     | 22.25     | 22.50     | 22.75     | 23.00     | 23.25     | 23.50     | 23.75     | 24.00     | 24.25     | 24.50     | 24.75     | 25.00     | 25.25     | 25.50     | 25.75     | 26.00     | 26.25     | 26.50     | 26.75     | 27.00     | 27.25      | 27.50 | 27.75 | 28.00 | 28.25 | 28.50 | 28.75 | 29.00 | 29.25 | 29.50 | 29.75 | 30.00 | 30.25 | 30.50 | 30.75 | 31.00 | 31.25 | 31.50 | 31.75 | 32.00 | 32.25 | 32.50 | 32.75 | 33.00 | 33.25 | 33.50 | 33.75 | 34.00 | 34.25 | 34.50 | 34.75 | 35.00 | 35.25 | 35.50 | 35.75 | 36.00 | 36.25 | 36.50 | 36.75 | 37.00 | 37.25 | 37.50 | 37.75 | 38.00 | 38.25 | 38.50 | 38.75 | 39.00 | 39.25 | 39.50 | 39.75 | 40.00 | 40.25 | 40.50 | 40.75 | 41.00 | 41.25 | 41.50 | 41.75 | 42.00 | 42.25 | 42.50 | 42.75 | 43.00 | 43.25 | 43.50 | 43.75 | 44.00 | 44.25 | 44.50 | 44.75 | 45.00 | 45.25 | 45.50 | 45.75 | 46.00 | 46.25 | 46.50 | 46.75 | 47.00 | 47.25 | 47.50 | 47.75 | 48.00 | 48.25 | 48.50 | 48.75 | 49.00 | 49.25 | 49.50 | 49.75 | 50.00 | 50.25 | 50.50 | 50.75 | 51.00 | 51.25 | 51.50 | 51.75 | 52.00 | 52.25 | 52.50 | 52.75 | 53.00 | 53.25 | 53.50 | 53.75 | 54.00 | 54.25 | 54.50 | 54.75 | 55.00 | 55.25 | 55.50 | 55.75 | 56.00 | 56.25 | 56.50 | 56.75 | 57.00 | 57.25 | 57.50 | 57.75 | 58.00 | 58.25 | 58.50 | 58.75 | 59.00 | 59.25 | 59.50 | 59.75 | 60.00 | 60.25 | 60.50 | 60.75 | 61.00 | 61.25 | 61.50 | 61.75 | 62.00 | 62.25 | 62.50 | 62.75 | 63.00 | 63.25 | 63.50 | 63.75 | 64.00 | 64.25 | 64.50 | 64.75 | 65.00 | 65.25 | 65.50 | 65.75 | 66.00 | 66.25 | 66.50 | 66.75 | 67.00 | 67.25 | 67.50 | 67.75 | 68.00 | 68.25 | 68.50 | 68.75 | 69.00 | 69.25 | 69.50 | 69.75 | 70.00 | 70.25 | 70.50 | 70.75 | 71.00 | 71.25 | 71.50 | 71.75 | 72.00 | 72.25 | 72.50 | 72.75 | 73.00 | 73.25 | 73.50 | 73.75 | 74.00 | 74.25 | 74.50 | 74.75 | 75.00 | 75.25 | 75.50 | 75.75 | 76.00 | 76.25 | 76.50 | 76.75 | 77.00 | 77.25 | 77.50 | 77.75 | 78.00 | 78.25 | 78.50 | 78.75 | 79.00 | 79.25 | 79.50 | 79.75 | 80.00 | 80.25 | 80.50 | 80.75 | 81.00 | 81.25 | 81.50 | 81.75 | 82.00 | 82.25 | 82.50 | 82.75 | 83.00 | 83.25 | 83.50 | 83.75 | 84.00 | 84.25 | 84.50 | 84.75 | 85.00 | 85.25 | 85.50 | 85.75 | 86.00 | 86.25 | 86.50 | 86.75 | 87.00 | 87.25 | 87.50 | 87.75 | 88.00 | 88.25 | 88.50 | 88.75 | 89.00 | 89.25 | 89.50 | 89.75 | 90.00 | 90.25 | 90.50 | 90.75 | 91.00 | 91.25 | 91.50 | 91.75 | 92.00 | 92.25 | 92.50 | 92.75 | 93.00 | 93.25 | 93.50 | 93.75 | 94.00 | 94.25   | 94.50 | 94.75 | 95.00 | 95.25 | 95.50 | 95.75 | 96.00 | 96.25 | 96.50 | 96.75 | 97.00 | 97.25 | 97.50 | 97.75 | 98.00 | 98.25 | 98.50 | 98.75 | 99.00 | 99.25 | 99.50 | 99.75 | 100.00 |       |       |       |       |       |        |
| 3 squares, - | 2.50    | 3.00     | 3.25     | 3.50     | 4.00     | 4.25     | 4.50     | 5.00     | 5.25     | 5.50      | 6.00      | 6.25      | 6.50      | 6.75      | 7.00      | 7.25      | 7.50      | 7.75      | 8.00      | 8.25      | 8.50      | 8.75      | 9.00      | 9.25      | 9.50      | 9.75      | 10.00     | 10.25     | 10.50     | 10.75     | 11.00     | 11.25     | 11.50     | 11.75     | 12.00     | 12.25     | 12.50     | 12.75     | 13.00     | 13.25     | 13.50     | 13.75     | 14.00     | 14.25     | 14.50     | 14.75     | 15.00     | 15.25     | 15.50     | 15.75     | 16.00     | 16.25     | 16.50     | 16.75     | 17.00     | 17.25     | 17.50     | 17.75     | 18.00     | 18.25     | 18.50     | 18.75     | 19.00     | 19.25     | 19.50     | 19.75     | 20.00     | 20.25     | 20.50     | 20.75     | 21.00     | 21.25     | 21.50     | 21.75     | 22.00     | 22.25     | 22.50     | 22.75     | 23.00     | 23.25     | 23.50     | 23.75     | 24.00     | 24.25     | 24.50     | 24.75     | 25.00     | 25.25     | 25.50     | 25.75     | 26.00     | 26.25     | 26.50     | 26.75     | 27.00     | 27.25     | 27.50     | 27.75     | 28.00     | 28.25      | 28.50 | 28.75 | 29.00 | 29.25 | 29.50 | 29.75 | 30.00 | 30.25 | 30.50 | 30.75 | 31.00 | 31.25 | 31.50 | 31.75 | 32.00 | 32.25 | 32.50 | 32.75 | 33.00 | 33.25 | 33.50 | 33.75 | 34.00 | 34.25 | 34.50 | 34.75 | 35.00 | 35.25 | 35.50 | 35.75 | 36.00 | 36.25 | 36.50 | 36.75 | 37.00 | 37.25 | 37.50 | 37.75 | 38.00 | 38.25 | 38.50 | 38.75 | 39.00 | 39.25 | 39.50 | 39.75 | 40.00 | 40.25 | 40.50 | 40.75 | 41.00 | 41.25 | 41.50 | 41.75 | 42.00 | 42.25 | 42.50 | 42.75 | 43.00 | 43.25 | 43.50 | 43.75 | 44.00 | 44.25 | 44.50 | 44.75 | 45.00 | 45.25 | 45.50 | 45.75 | 46.00 | 46.25 | 46.50 | 46.75 | 47.00 | 47.25 | 47.50 | 47.75 | 48.00 | 48.25 | 48.50 | 48.75 | 49.00 | 49.25 | 49.50 | 49.75 | 50.00 | 50.25 | 50.50 | 50.75 | 51.00 | 51.25 | 51.50 | 51.75 | 52.00 | 52.25 | 52.50 | 52.75 | 53.00 | 53.25 | 53.50 | 53.75 | 54.00 | 54.25 | 54.50 | 54.75 | 55.00 | 55.25 | 55.50 | 55.75 | 56.00 | 56.25 | 56.50 | 56.75 | 57.00 | 57.25 | 57.50 | 57.75 | 58.00 | 58.25 | 58.50 | 58.75 | 59.00 | 59.25 | 59.50 | 59.75 | 60.00 | 60.25 | 60.50 | 60.75 | 61.00 | 61.25 | 61.50 | 61.75 | 62.00 | 62.25 | 62.50 | 62.75 | 63.00 | 63.25 | 63.50 | 63.75 | 64.00 | 64.25 | 64.50 | 64.75 | 65.00 | 65.25 | 65.50 | 65.75 | 66.00 | 66.25 | 66.50 | 66.75 | 67.00 | 67.25 | 67.50 | 67.75 | 68.00 | 68.25 | 68.50 | 68.75 | 69.00 | 69.25 | 69.50 | 69.75 | 70.00 | 70.25 | 70.50 | 70.75 | 71.00 | 71.25 | 71.50 | 71.75 | 72.00 | 72.25 | 72.50 | 72.75 | 73.00 | 73.25 | 73.50 | 73.75 | 74.00 | 74.25 | 74.50 | 74.75 | 75.00 | 75.25 | 75.50 | 75.75 | 76.00 | 76.25 | 76.50 | 76.75 | 77.00 | 77.25 | 77.50 | 77.75 | 78.00 | 78.25 | 78.50 | 78.75 | 79.00 | 79.25 | 79.50 | 79.75 | 80.00 | 80.25 | 80.50 | 80.75 | 81.00 | 81.25 | 81.50 | 81.75 | 82.00 | 82.25 | 82.50 | 82.75 | 83.00 | 83.25 | 83.50 | 83.75 | 84.00 | 84.25 | 84.50 | 84.75 | 85.00 | 85.25 | 85.50 | 85.75 | 86.00 | 86.25 | 86.50 | 86.75 | 87.00 | 87.25 | 87.50 | 87.75 | 88.00 | 88.25 | 88.50 | 88.75 | 89.00 | 89.25 | 89.50 | 89.75 | 90.00 | 90.25 | 90.50 | 90.75 | 91.00 | 91.25 | 91.50 | 91.75 | 92.00 | 92.25 | 92.50 | 92.75 | 93.00 | 93.25 | 93.50 | 93.75 | 94.00 | 94.25 | 94.50 | 94.75 | 95.00 | 95.25</ |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |       |       |       |       |       |        |

Choice Poetry.

From Longfellow's Hymns.  
EVENING HYMN.  
BY JAMES W. WARD.

Father Supreme! Thou High and Holy One,  
To thee we bow,  
Now when the labor of the day is done,  
Devoutly, now.

From age to age, unchanging, still the same  
All good, Thou art;  
Hallowed and holy be Thy revered name,  
In every heart.

When the glad morn upon the hills was spread  
Thy smile was there;  
Now, as the darkness gathers over head,  
We feel Thy care.

Night spreads her shadow o'er another day,  
Thou art the light;  
So o'er our faults, Thy Son, we humbly pray,  
A veil may cast.

Silence and sleep, o'er hearts by earth distressed,  
Now sweetly steal;  
So every fear that struggles in the breast,  
Let Faith conceal.

Tro' the dark night watch o'er us in our sleep,  
With eye of love;  
And wake us, Faith, when the sunbeams peep,  
Thy hills above.

And may each heart its gratitude express,  
As life's career goes by;  
And find the triumph of its happiness,  
In Thy commands.

DREAM ON MY SOUL.

Dream on my soul; dream of that better land  
Whence thou art going;  
Dream of life's silver stream o'er the golden strand  
Slightly flowing;  
Dream of kindred souls waiting there,  
Gone long before we;  
Dream of the anthems thou art to hear—  
Anthems of glory.

Dream on, my soul; dream of the silent ones  
In memory cherished;  
Dream of the joys and loves loved ones  
That with them perished.  
Dream on my soul, dream of that brighter land  
Whence thou art winging;  
Dream of the sunsets there and the angel hand  
Joyously singing.

Dream on, my soul; dream of that happy strain  
That shall soon greet thee;  
Dream of the silent dead, and the angel train  
Flying to meet thee.  
Dream on, my soul; dream while life's silver string  
Still, still is twined;  
Dream thou of heaven, 'tho' life be quivering—  
Dream on my soul.

LAUGHING.

Laughing does a person good  
Muscles exercising;  
Helping to digest the food—  
So 'tis the surprising;  
But by laughing all grow fat,  
Chasing off the yellow,  
Dark blue devils, and all that—  
Laugh, then, jolly fellows.

Our Correspondence.

WISCONSIN—MINNESOTA—THE WEST.

A FEW HINTS TO EMIGRANTS.

Written for the Mount Vernon Democratic Banner.

MR. HARPER—Believing that any information in regard to Northern Wisconsin and the Territory of Minnesota, commonly known as the North West, would be interesting to many of your readers, I propose, in a hasty sketch to give you some of my impressions, the result of observations in that region, during the last year. Superior is situated at the head of Lake Superior, in Wisconsin, in Latitude 46° 38' 31"—Longitude 92° 03' 28", is 658 feet above the sea—it was laid out about two years ago, and now contains about 800 inhabitants. From its position, (being the head of navigation in that direction,) it must be the great commercial distributing point for all that vast region, which is rich in mineral, and is the heart of the great pine region of the North West. Labor of all kinds is in demand at high wages. The place is building up as rapidly as the materials can be procured for the purpose. The mineral wealth of Lake Superior is just beginning to be developed, and capital is concentrating there. Mines are being opened, and some are already raising large quantities of copper, almost pure, and, also, considerable quantities of silver. The land is of a good quality, both on the south shore, in Wisconsin, and the north in Minnesota, and the timber alone will bring from \$40 to \$60 per acre. In the vicinity of the Lake there is but little prairie, probably enough for meadows, however. The timber is mostly white pine, mixed with birch, spruce, fir and hemlock, and occasional groves of maple and white oak.

In the region of St. Paul, in Minnesota, the land is mostly prairie, and is considered excellent farm land—40 bushels per acre is not an unusual crop. Towns are springing up, and the whole country is filling fast, with the industries and enterprises. Men of nerve and will are going there, men who have struggled in the older States, long and hard to gain a home, but failed, and failing, have had the last hope extinguished—for do you know, Mr. Editor, that when a young

man has once failed in this country, those who should help him up, are the first to say "keep him down." Strange is it not, old fogies are afraid of the young tradesman and mechanic—He is a dangerous rival, his ideas are too radical. He sells his wares too cheap—he marks too low—he must first be put down and then kept down—who whispers the encouraging word?—and did it ever occur to you, that this is the great cause why so many of your young, enterprising and industrious tradesmen and mechanics, go away from the home of their childhood, to battle with the forests of the far West for a home, and do they not find it, and find too, a fortune in almost every instance? It is true, the West is filling up with young men, who have strong arms, and who go out with a stern resolve to overcome all difficulties. It is destined that your towns shall lose their best mechanics—your farms their best sons, and your States their most influential young men, to people the broad acres of Uncle Sam; they will open farms, and build cities in a year, containing more inhabitants than your towns which have been on the stocks a quarter of a century.

To you who suffer the inconveniences of poverty, to you who are struggling for a home, who have families growing up around you, calling out the sympathies of your nature, for their support, to all who are willing to live in a cabin, to all who are not satisfied with your condition, I say go West. Government lands are open to pre-emption, and private entry all over the West. It is a cry of speculators tell you "the land is all taken in this or that locality." Seek correct sources for information—men who have traversed the West, and are familiar with all the ground, can be found in all our Western towns, who, for a small fee, will enter for you, or direct you to choice lands for town sites, mineral, lumber or agriculture. Lands are being pre-empted at all the good Land Offices in the West at \$1.25 per acre, that will be worth, in two or three years, from \$15 to \$100 per acre. Towns spring up by magic, the reason is obvious, the country is filling up, and the right kind of men are there to make towns. Let old fogies croak, and tell you the West is sickly, and the North West is so cold. Be sure that if your friends and neighbors go West, or North West, and enjoy good health and get rich, that you can do the same, and know that "nothing rich, nothing make." Don't wait to find just what others think is the best place, but go out, and seek information as you go along—make a start and remember Lot's wife. If you are in possession of ordinary intelligence, you cannot but make your condition better. Many have gone from Ohio, and some from Knox county, to Minnesota, who have made for themselves in a few years.

We are a progressive people and live in a progressive age. Some catch the spirit and branch out, others lag behind—the first are "young America," the latter are "old fogies."

Our Creator has made the whole earth for the use of man, and what a beautiful habitation it would be if "man was always kind and loved his fellow man." The soil of the North is beautifully adapted to the climate, all that is necessary for the wants of man, are raised there in the great abundance.

I fear I have already carried these random remarks to too great a length, and will cease by saying, that with your consent I will, from my North Western home, continue this subject in a more systematic form. J. B. B.

The Star Spangled Banner.

If the French hymn of Liberty the Marseillaise was composed under exciting circumstances, the Star Spangled Banner was inspired by events no less patriotic by our distinguished countryman, Mr. Francis Scott Key, an able and eloquent lawyer, an accomplished gentleman, a man of noble and generous impulses. During the war with Britain in 1814, Mr. P. Scott Key was residing in Baltimore, and hearing of the detention of a dear and intimate friend, he started to obtain his release. He went as far as the mouth of the Potomac river, which enters the Chesapeake Bay, and is about eighty-five miles north of the Potomac river. Here he was arrested and carried on board a British man-of-war, the *Boxer*, which was lying off the mouth of the river. The British admiral, Sir George Cockburn, was at the time in command of the fleet, and he was compelled to witness the English Admiral's boast that he would take the city of Baltimore within the next few days. The bombardment continued during the day, and the whole of the following night, making an impression either on the strength of the works or the spirit of the garrison.

Our patriotic countryman stood on the deck watching, through the smoke which sometimes obscured it, the banner of freedom waving from the fort. At length night came and he could see it no more. Still he watched, until at length dawn began to bring the objects around into distinct view. When he beheld the sun rising over the fort, and there, waving in the morning breeze high and uninjured, was the banner, with its stars and stripes, the banner of freedom and independence, then in its early days. It was at this moment of joy and triumph, that Francis Scott Key composed the Star Spangled Banner. After Mr. Key had been liberated, and the British had retired from Fort M'Henry, without attempting the attack of the city of Baltimore, he completed his patriotic hymn, which was enthusiastically received, and has ever since been considered as one of the national songs of our country. At Washington, Mr. Barton Key, the son of Mr. Scott Key, (who died in 1843,) was present with miles of the hymn, and the distinguished society of that city, Mr. E. Parodi and Mrs. Strosch repeated, amidst thunders of applause and waving of handkerchiefs, this inspired verse, he was most deeply moved by the homage to the memory of his father's genius.

Thrilling Incident.

Miss Martineau, in her "Norway and the Norwegians," mentions a young man named Hund, who was sent, some four years ago, in mid-winter, by his master on an errand about twenty miles, to carry provisions to a village in the upper country. The village people asked him, for charity, to take a few orphan children on his sled, and he met the sleds on the road, and heard the children prattling to Hund, and Hund laughing merrily at their little talk. Before they got half way, however, a pack of hungry wolves burst on them from a hollow in the thicket to the right of the sleds. The beasts followed close to the back of the sleds. Hund and his sledges were pressed. Hund saw it was impossible for the sleds to go faster than he did, for he would be the first to be devoured. Hund, in his desperation, snatched up one of the children behind him, and threw it over the back of the sled. This stopped the wolves. On galloped the horse, but the wolves soon crowded around again, with the blood freezing to their muscles. It was easier to get the sleds to stop, than it was to get the sleds to go. But on came again the infuriated beasts, gnawing with hunger, and raging like fiends for prey. It was harder to give up the third—the dumb infant that nestled in his breast—but Hund was in mortal terror. Again the hot breath of the wolves was upon him. He threw away the infant and saved himself. Away over the snow up to his knees, the sleds, were rescued, and Hund just escaped after all the sacrifice he had made. But he was unsettled and wild, and his talk for some time, night or day, was of wolves—so fearful had been the effect upon his imagination.

The Two Heirs.

"I remember," says a late Postmaster-General of the United States, "the first time I visited Burlington, Vt., as Judge of the Supreme Court. I had left it many years before a poor boy. At the time I left there was two families of special note for their standing and wealth. Each of them had a son about my own age. I was very poor, and these two boys were very rich. During the long years of hard toil which passed before my return, I had almost forgotten them. They had long ago forgotten me.

"Approaching the court-house, for the first time, in company with several gentlemen of the bench and bar, I noticed, in the court-house yard a large pile of old furniture about to be sold at auction. The scenes of early boyhood with which I was surrounded prompted me to ask whose it was. I was told that it belonged to Mr. J. M. J. I remember a family of that name, and wealthy; there was a son too; can it be he? I was told it was even so. He was the son of one of the families already alluded to. He had inherited more than I had earned, and spent it all, and now his own family was reduced to want, and his very furniture was that day to be sold for debt. I went into the court-house suddenly; yet almost dead that I was born poor. I was poor as described in the business before me. One of the first cases called, originated in a low drunken quarrel between Mr. H. and Mr. A. Mr. H., thought I, that is a familiar name. Can it be? In short, I found that this was indeed the son of the other wealthy man referred to. I was overwhelmed alike with astonishment and thanksgiving—astonishment at the change in our relative positions, and thanksgiving that I was not born to inherit wealth without toil."

Those fathers provide best for their children who leave them with the highest education, the purest morals, and—the least money.

Kindnesses are stored away in the heart,

like bags of lavender in a draw, and sweeten every object around them.

Family Circle.

Hints to Husbands and Wives.

It is the business of husbands to appreciate the tender and susceptible nature of woman. To take time and thought for a clear understanding of them phenomenally, which shall make it easier for general allowance; easier to bear, and forbear; call out harmony when want of congeniality in feeling, or incompatibilities in tastes or temper threaten discord, rendering widely apart. It is their business to know that disease and weaknesses peculiar to delicate female frames call for compassionate kindness, manly, patient support, and not for harsh intolerance or coldness when the frailest one droops by their side. How does it happen, that with more than half the married couples one sees if we note any frank expressions of endearment, and affectionate gush or smiling courtesy, directly somebody says: "There is a newly married couple," or, "That must be a second wife!" What is the matter here? Why, among those other wedded ones, is the manner cold, careless, abrupt, or at least a negative civility? Has the wife grown slowly, unattractively, snarling, unkind, or wilfully dutiful, or is it not often that the husband has neglected the home business? Has year by year settled him down more into his abstracted, chosen track, leaving her to become less and less identified with him; her mind and heart developing as it may happen, and not at all under his conscious, earnest, thoughtful influence, so that the delicate fabric of their first affection is ground down to common dust?

Al! there are husbands and wives, for I have seen them, who have lived together years and years, their heads have grown gray together, and children have been born to them, and yet there have been depths in their hearts that each never knew or dreamed of. Choice feelings that blossomed—and faded—in their cells for want of recognition. Smothered bitterness, that never came to light to be wiped away with sweet forgiveness, but lay curdling under the growth of custom and dogged endurance. There are words that should have been said, retractions and explanations that should have been made, that are not said and made, no, never on this side of the grave!

There are thirty hearts that want to be told every day, yet often that they are loved, appreciated, known, that cannot bear long fasting, that must have the reassurance which lives in caress, the eye, the voice. There are other natures, dry, cool, self-sufficient, complacently moving on through their busy or worldly cares, who do not need that healing balm, who shake it off as rain is shed from the well oiled, glossy breast of a bird.

How to Promote Peace in a Family.

1. Remember that our will is likely to be crossed every day, so prepare for it.
2. Everybody in the house has an evil nature as well as ourselves, and therefore we are not to expect too much.
3. To learn the different temper and disposition of each of our kindred, all is distinct, all is different.
4. To look on each member of the family as one for whom we should have a care.
5. When any good happens to any one rejoice at it.
6. When inclined to give an angry answer, to "overcome evil with good."
7. If from sickness, pain or infirmity we feel irritable, to keep a very strict watch over ourselves.
8. To observe when others are so suffering, and drop a word of kindness and sympathy suited to them.
9. To watch for little opportunities of pleasing, and to put the little annoyances out of the way.
10. To take a cheerful view of everything, of the weather, and encourage hope.
11. To speak kindly of the servants—to praise them for little things when you can.
12. In all little pleasures which may occur, to put self last.
13. To try for the soft answer which turneth away wrath.
14. When we have been pained by an unkind word or deed, to ask ourselves: "Have I not often done the same and been forgiven?"
15. In conversation not to exalt ourselves, but to bring others forward.
16. To be very gentle with the young ones and treat them with respect.
17. Never to judge one another harshly, but to attribute a good motive when you can.

The Home of Taste.

How easy to be neat to be clean! How easy to arrange the rooms with the most graceful propriety! How easy it is to invest our houses with the truest elegance! Elegance resides not in the upholstery or the drapery; it is not in the most costly and the most showy, the mahogany, the candelabra, or the marble ornaments; it is in the spirit presiding over the chambers of the dwelling. Contentment must always be most graceful; it sheds serenity over the scene of its abode; it transforms a waste into a garden. The home lighted by those intimations of a nobler and brighter life may be dingy in much the most discontented desire; but to its inhabitants it will be a palace, far outliving the oriental in brilliancy and glory.

The House-keeper.

Family Cakes.

- An Excellent Sugar Gingerbread.—One pound of flour, three quarters of a pound of sugar, half a pound of butter, six eggs, and season to taste. Pour into shallow pans, and bake half an hour in a moderately hot oven.
- An Excellent Plain Tea Cake.—One cup of white sugar, half a cup of butter, one cup of sweet milk, one egg, half a teaspoonful of soda, one cup of cream of tartar, and flour enough to make it like soft gingerbread. Flavor with the juice of a small lemon. This makes one good sized loaf.
- Excellent Fruit Cake.—One cup of butter, one of brown sugar, one of molasses, one of sweet milk, three of flour, and four eggs. One and a half teaspoonful of cream of tartar, and one of soda. Two pounds of raisins, chopped fine; one nutmeg, and a little brandy, if you choose. This will make two good sized loaves, which will keep moist without sugar from four to six weeks, when properly covered.
- Another Fruit Cake.—One and a half pounds of sugar, one and a quarter pounds of flour, three quarters of a pound of butter, six eggs, a pint of sweet milk, one teaspoon of saleratus, one glass of wine, one of brandy, and as much fruit and spice as you can afford, and no more.
- Cup Cake.—Five cups of flour, three cups of nice sugar, one cup of butter, four eggs, one cup of good buttermilk, with saleratus enough to sweeten it, one nutmeg.
- Cookies.—One cup of butter, two cups of sugar, one cup of cold water, half a teaspoon of saleratus, two eggs, flour enough to roll, and no more.
- Soft Gingerbread.—One cup of molasses, one cup of sugar, one cup of butter, one cup of buttermilk, one egg, saleratus and cloves. Mix pretty stiff.

Barn-Yards.

Barn-yards, basin-shaped, have these disadvantages:—They will fill with water, especially in the spring, and there stand and soak out all that is soluble, and additional rain will cause it to overflow and carry off this liquid manure into swales and creeks adjoining.

2d. It causes the earth to poach up and mix with the manure during the wet portion of the year.

3d. It makes it very unpleasant in getting about during the spring and fall. I had such a yard when I came on to my present farm, and I removed my barn to a side hill—built a basement and sheds sufficient to protect all manure from the stables and put up save-troughs, &c. I consider it policy to keep manure as dry as possible. It will retain moisture enough to decompose much better than it will lying in water.

[Rural New Yorker.]

Parsnips for Stock.

The *Prairie Farmer*, of March 27th, in a valuable article on the Parsnip says:—It is excellent as food for horses, cattle and swine. It is more nutritious than the carrot. The winter butters from the roots of Jersey and Germany, fed on the parsnip, is almost as rich in flavor and color, as when they are fed in pastures. It bears frost well. If left in the ground all winter, it will be good in the spring. It has thirty-six per cent. potash. Wood ashes make a good manure for it. It is more hardy and less liable to disease and to insects than the carrot. It may be sown, says the *Albany Cultivator*, in the fall.

Pulling Stumps.

Luther Hampton, of Woodbridge, N. Y., in the *Country Gentleman*, in reply to the enquiry of a person in Illinois, who wished to know where he could purchase the cheapest and best stump puller, says:—

"The cheapest and best I know anything about is a log from 8 to 12 inches at the butt. It is best in the spring. After digging around and chopping the main roots off, chain the sweep to the largest roots in such a manner as to prevent it from flying up; at the end you hitch your team on. Your oxen and a pry at the stump, is all the stump puller a farmer wants."

Wood Drains.

A Mr. Deening, an extensive farmer in the vicinity of Quebec, makes his drains as follows:—Depth, three feet; width at bottom fifteen inches; then lays at the bottom a fence rail, on each side of the rail a slab, nine inches wide, meeting at the cone, but not overlapping. Where the slabs meet at the end, covers with a sod, to make the joinings tight. The slabs used are the second cut from the log, and cost three to four dollars the hundred. This is considered the simplest, cheapest, and most durable drain that can be made.

Luxuries for Cattle.

Sydney Smith used to say:—"I am for all cheap luxuries, yet often that they are loved, appreciated, known, that cannot bear long fasting, that must have the reassurance which lives in caress, the eye, the voice. There are other natures, dry, cool, self-sufficient, complacently moving on through their busy or worldly cares, who do not need that healing balm, who shake it off as rain is shed from the well oiled, glossy breast of a bird."

Pigs in BARN-YARDS.—An Ohio farmer says

that pigs will devour much of the manure of horses, especially when the latter are liberally fed on oats, and that he is satisfied that it is a serious loss to the farmer who does not take care to remove the manure from the stable. He might have added cows also. Neither should ever be allowed to occupy the dung yard where the manure from the horse stable is thrown.

The Golden rule in agriculture is to apply such manures and tillage as will make heavy land lighter, and light land heavier, cold land hotter and hot land cooler. He only is a farmer who knows and follows this rule.

Useful Information.

To Wash and Clean Gloves.

Wash them in soap and water till the dirt is got out, then stretch them on wooden hands, or pull them out in their proper shape. Never wring them, as that puts them out of form, and makes them shrink, and put them one upon another and press the water out. Then rub the following mixture over the outside of the gloves: If want





EDITED BY L. HARPER.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE."

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 20, 1856.

New York Tribune.

We deem it our duty to warn all honest men, and especially Democrats, who are attached to the principles of the Constitution, to beware of the New York Tribune. It is an unprincipled, incendiary sheet, that no man who is opposed to fanaticism and infidelity should allow to come into his family.

In this as well as other counties in Ohio, the Black Republicans have made strenuous efforts to extend the circulation of the Tribune, in order that they may sow the seeds of disunion. Democrats are appealed to, and urged to subscribe for the paper, not on account of its politics, but because it contains the markets, and only costs one dollar a year! These appeals, we regret to say, in many instances have proved to be successful, and some good natured Democrats, to oblige a Fusion neighbor, have given their names and money towards supporting this vile sheet, being unacquainted with its true character.

By getting Democratic Postmasters to write the subscribers names on their papers, (which they are not required to do by law,) GARELY saves the expense of clerk hire, which is so small in so large an establishment.

The Weekly Tribune boast of having a circulation of 150,000; and although the profits on a single paper is but 10 cents, its profits on the whole edition amounts to \$150,000 per annum. The profits of the Daily, Tri-Weekly and Semi-Weekly are of course separate items. By its underrating system of doing business, the Tribune has injured the circulation of nearly every weekly paper in the country, and more especially those of its own party.

It Democrats wish to subscribe for cheap Eastern papers, political or commercial, they can easily be accommodated, without having their minds poisoned or their feelings outraged, by the perusal of such reckless and unprincipled sheets as the Tribune.

Nearly every humbug that has started in this country has found a willing advocate in the Tribune. Fourierism, Owenism, Bloomerism, Abolitionism, Free Loveism, Maine Lawism, and a score of other isms, have all been hobbies of GARELY. The eccentricities of the paper and its editor in past years have induced people to read it, by way of amusement; but now when it undertakes to direct and mould public opinion, as a political paper, we say to all honest Democrats, hands off!

Fusion Promises and Prodigies.

Wm. H. Gill, editor of the Ohio Patriot, writing from Washington city, under date of April 10th, says: "There is one important fact that is proper for me to state. Congress has been in session three months and a half, at an expense to the country of at least one million of dollars, and yet, notwithstanding all the high sounding Fusion promises of 'retrenchment and reform,' the House of Representatives, with a majority of seventy odd against the Democratic party, has not passed a single bill of a general nature—not one. Instead of retrenchment we have extravagance unparalleled in the history of national legislation. Instead of reform, we have the reverse—abuses of every hue and grade. Instead of attending to the legitimate business of legislation, months have been spent by the howling sectionalists who control the House in unbecoming speech making—in uttering the fiercest tirades against the Union, the Constitution, and every thing that would conduce to the harmony and best interests of our common country. If the people—the true sovereigns of our country—can reconcile these things with the promises profusely made them before the election, and their own convictions of right and propriety, then have we greatly mistaken their intelligence."

Black Republican Sentiments.

The Black Republicans are now boldly avowing their real sentiments. The following from Wendell Phillips, is an authoritative and official epitome of the principles they profess, and are doing their best to realize:

"The constitution of our fathers was a mistake—TAX is wrong and makes a better. Don't say the machine is out of order, it is in order; it does what its framers intended—protect slavery. OUR CLAIM is DISUNION—breaking up of the State. I have shown you that our work cannot be done—under our institutions."

(From Garrison's "Liberator.")

The construction of the United States is a league with hell.

The New York Tribune, the Black Republican organ, pronounces the constitution an "atrocious bargain," and yet the Black Republicans of Knox county, are constantly making efforts to circulate that infamous paper! And sometimes Democrats, who are unacquainted with its true character, are solicited to give their money towards its support, under the pretence that it contains the markets! Beware of the poison, friends!

Touching a Tender Spot.

A few days since the Springfield Argus asked what was to be done with the money which the Kansas lecturers are collecting under the name of "aid for Kansas." The Boston Telegraph, a Republican print, replied that it was none of the Argus' business, and the Argus rejoins:

"It would seem that we touched a tender point when we inquired about the destination of the Kansas fund. The Black-Republican papers evidently don't like to tell. Are we right in supposing that none of this money collected as 'Kansas aid' will go to Kansas? that it is to be used as a vast electronic organ 'or corruption fund' in the Presidential canvass? Or will 'General' Pomeroy and the other peculiar Kansas patriots pocket it?"

Land Warrants.

The quotations of Land Warrants, as given in the Washington Star of yesterday are as follows:

|                              | Buying     | Selling    |
|------------------------------|------------|------------|
| 160 acre warrants, per acre, | \$1 08 1/2 | \$1 09 1/2 |
| 80 " " " "                   | 1 08 1/4   | 1 09 1/4   |
| 40 " " " "                   | 1 08 1/4   | 1 09 1/4   |
| 20 " " " "                   | 1 08 1/4   | 1 09 1/4   |
| 10 " " " "                   | 1 08 1/4   | 1 09 1/4   |

## The Presidency.

The New York Tribune makes the following calculation in regard to the Electoral votes to be given at the Presidential Election:

| State.             | Elect. Votes. | State.             | Elect. Votes. |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|
| ANTI-NEBRASKA.     |               | NEBRASKA.          |               |
| Maine.....         | 3             | Virginia.....      | 15            |
| New Hampshire..... | 3             | Massachusetts..... | 15            |
| Rhode Island.....  | 3             | N. Carolina.....   | 10            |
| Connecticut.....   | 6             | Georgia.....       | 10            |
| Vermont.....       | 3             | Alabama.....       | 9             |
| New York.....      | 35            | Mississippi.....   | 9             |
| Ohio.....          | 23            | Florida.....       | 9             |
| Michigan.....      | 12            | Kentucky.....      | 12            |
| Wisconsin.....     | 12            | Tennessee.....     | 12            |
| Iowa.....          | 12            | Louisiana.....     | 8             |
| Arkansas.....      | 7             | Texas.....         | 4             |
| Total.....         | 114           | Total.....         | 108           |

By the above (remarks the Pittsburgh Post), that Maine, New Hampshire, Michigan, Wisconsin and Iowa are set down as certain for the Anti-Nebraska candidate. Last year the Democrats carried Maine, and there has been no election since to indicate a change. New Hampshire this year showed an anti-Nebraska majority of less than a hundred, and the Democrats had gained eight thousand in a twelve-month. In Michigan this year the Democratic majority foot up, it is said, over seven thousand at the late election. The local elections in Iowa and Wisconsin have generally resulted this year in Democratic victories. There is then scarce a doubt that Maine, New Hampshire, Michigan, Wisconsin and Iowa will give their Electoral votes to Democratic candidates. This takes 28 votes from the Tribune's certainties, and reduces the total to 86. Of these Connecticut, Rhode Island and Ohio belonging decidedly to the doubtful list.

We would amend the Tribune's table as follows:

CERTAIN FOR ABOLITION.

Massachusetts..... 13

Vermont..... 3

CERTAIN FOR DEMOCRACY.

All the Southern States..... 108

All that the Tribune marks as above "Doubtful," 74

Maine, New Hampshire, Michigan, Wisconsin and Iowa..... 28

The rest doubtful..... 210

Total..... 638

Democratic Victories in Indiana.

The Democrats of Indianapolis have elected their candidate for mayor by 315 majority, and the remainder of their city ticket by still larger majorities. The Sentinel says that "never did the enemies of Democracy make a more desperate effort to carry their ticket, and yet the nigger-stealing phalanx have been vanquished—beat—cleared out—and shattered."

At New Albany—which has been cursed with Know Nothing misrule for two years past—the Democrats have succeeded by a majority of over 300.

At Terra Haute, the Democrats have elected their Mayor, and all the general city ticket except the Marshal.

At Lawrenceburg, the entire Democratic ticket for city officers is elected by a large majority.

At Aurora, the Democrats have swept everything before them—completely routing the combined hosts of the opposition, who made a desperate struggle to carry the city.

At Lafayette, the Democratic majority is 248, and Tippecanoe county is claimed as good for 500 Democratic majority in November.

At Vincennes, the entire Democratic ticket was elected, with but one exception.

Remarking upon the above results, the Sentinel says:

"The Democratic banner to day floats proudly over the principal cities of the State. They have all, with the exception of Jeffersonville (the penitentiary is located there), thrown off the fetters of Know-Nothingism with which they have been bound."

"In October and November next, the whole State will speak—and the Black Republican column will be shattered and broken—swallowed up in defeat so terrible and destructive that they will never again be able to rally a corporal's guard in opposition to the invincible Democracy."

The Rescue of the Buried Alive.

A correspondent of the Ohio Statesman, (S. S. Cox), gives a thrilling account of the rescue of the four men who were buried alive in a coal bank near Zanesville, which we would like to publish, if we could find room. An immense concourse of people were constantly gathered at the spot, and the excitement was intense. When the poor fellows came forth alive, the people seemed frantic with joy—some screamed, some laughed, and some wept. They had been shut out from the light of day for fourteen days and fourteen hours, with only enough provisions for a single meal! They all appeared in fine spirits, although somewhat emaciated. The youngest a boy, asked for a chew of tobacco, about the first words he spoke! The Zanesville Times says:

We learn that the wife of one of the entombed men had become so wrangled, in consequence of her husband's terrible situation, that she had been taken to the Lunatic Asylum at Columbus. We are not sure, however, that this is a fact.

Two Pictures for Contemplation.

The following paragraphs present a contrast worthy of notice. Read them and judge which did the best, Montgomery, in the South, or New Haven in "the land of steady habits."

At Montgomery, Ala., some days ago, a large company of young men had assembled to start together for Kansas. They attended Church, and after the service was over each emigrant was presented with a Bible.

At New Haven, Conn., a few days ago, some fifty men were preparing to go to Kansas. A meeting was held in the Rev. Mr. Dutton's church and twenty-five Sharp's rifles were raised for the emigrants, and the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher promised them twenty-five Bibles.

The ladies of Montgomery helped pay for the Bibles for the Southern emigrants. One lady at New Haven gave a rifle!

Indiana and the Presidency.

The Indianapolis State Sentinel, the central organ of the Democracy of Indiana, announces that the Hon. Jesse D. Bright, of that State, will not be a candidate before the Cincinnati Convention, and that this leaves the delegation of that State free to vote for any other person.

Illinois K. N.'ism.

CHICAGO, May 8.

In the Know Nothing State Convention yesterday, Fillmore and Donelson were endorsed, and a State ticket nominated as follows: For Governor, Wm. B. Archer; Lieut. Governor, M. L. Dunlap; Secretary of State, Anthony Thornton; Auditor, Hiram Barber; Treasurer, James Miller.

## POLITICAL.

The State election takes place in Ohio this fall, on Tuesday the 14th of October, and the Presidential election in all the States on Tuesday the 4th of November.

An enthusiastic meeting of the Democracy was held in Circleville, O., last week, at which strong resolutions in favor of James Buchanan were passed.

It is stated that the Know Nothings and Black Republicans of St. Paul, Minnesota, have fused, and put in nomination for Mayor, a negro barber named Banks.

The Iowa Capital Reporter, the central organ of the Democracy of Iowa, is out in a powerful article in favor of Mr. Buchanan's nomination by the Cincinnati Convention—and says that it is the sentiment of a large majority of the Democratic party of that State.

It is suggested in some quarters that the Republicans nominate Kit Carson, of New Mexico, Vice President on the ticket with Fremont, for, as Fremont and Carson have both been great travelers, they ought to be able to run well.

From the Atlanta (Ga.) Intelligencer we learn that Mr. Whitaker (dem.) is elected city judge over W. H. Underwood, (know-nothing.) Last fall the know-nothings carried the city of Atlanta by a large majority.

The Anti-Fillmore portion of the American party, of Massachusetts, were in session last week. Sixty delegates were present. Wilder S. Weston, of Lancaster, presiding. A resolution was passed repudiating, in behalf of the Americans of Massachusetts, the nomination of Fillmore and Donelson as inconsistent with the Springfield Platform and the principles to which the American party stands pledged. They are to have a National Convention, June 12th, at New York, and a State Central Committee was chosen.

Mr. Buchanan at Washington.

A despatch dated Washington, May 14th, says: Mr. Buchanan was serenaded at his lodgings last night. He made a brief speech, returning thanks for the compliment. He said he regarded the present position of the Slavery question as a finality, and reiterated opinions expressed by him in his Baltimore speech. Considerable enthusiasm was manifested, and after the close of the speech many of those present took occasion to pay their personal respects to Mr. B.

Of late years the Federal party have made themselves famous for fishing up military candidates for the Presidency. This year however, they appear determined to hunt up a wild adventurer amongst the Rocky Mountains, and prairies of the Far West, in the person of JOHN C. FARMONT, son-in-law of Colonel BEXFORD. If they must have an adventurer who is a real hero, let them nominate Dr. KANE at once. But perhaps the Doctor's love for "ouled folks" don't suit the taste of the Black Republicans.

It is estimated that there will be five thousand Democrats from the old Keystone State, in attendance at the Cincinnati Convention. Mr. BUCHANAN will therefore be well represented. His friends will have their headquarters in a hall near the corner of Fourth and Burnet Streets, in a hall rented for that purpose by Dr. C. S. Kaufman, formerly a citizen of Lancaster, Pa.

From the Washington Union.

Ohio Democratic Club.

Pursuant to public notice, a number of the Ohio Democrats in Washington City, met on Tuesday evening, April 29, 1856, for the purpose of organizing a Democratic Club. The meeting was called to order by the Hon. Edson B. Olds, on whose motion Col. Geo. W. Manypenny was elected Chairman. On motion, R. Leech was chosen Secretary of the meeting.

A resolution was submitted and adopted that the Ohio Democrats present organize themselves into an association, to be styled the "Ohio Democratic Club," for the purpose of disseminating Democratic principles, and opposing the proslavery Presidential campaign.

The following persons were then elected permanent officers of the Club:

Hon. George W. Manypenny, President; Hon. R. J. Atkinson, Treasurer; and R. Leech, Secretary.

An Executive Committee was appointed, consisting of the following gentlemen: Hon. George W. Manypenny, Hon. R. J. Atkinson, Hon. G. W. Manypenny, and Hon. R. J. Atkinson.

A resolution was adopted, that the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Secretary and published, and that the Democratic papers of Ohio be requested to copy.

On motion the Club adjourned to meet on Saturday evening next at 6 o'clock.

R. LEECH, Secretary.

Mayor Vaux Inaugurated.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, May 13.

Mayor Vaux was inaugurated at noon to-day, in Independence Square. Judge Thompson administered the oath of office. Mayor Vaux made a very brief speech.

He had, he said, no promises to make. The people had nominally demanded a reform. He would seek to administer the city government with independence, and as he understood it, without regard to the clamor of faction, and take the responsibility. He was then conducted into the office, and warmly congratulated by the retiring Mayor.

Nicaragua Minister and the Government.

WASHINGTON, May 14.

Padre Vigil was received to-day, as Minister from Nicaragua, by the President of the United States. He addressed the President in the Spanish language, expressing the desire of President Rivas, of Nicaragua, to cultivate friendly relations with the United States. The President replied, expressing a solicitude for the peace and prosperity of Nicaragua. Padre Vigil was presented to the President by Secretary Marcy.

The event created a great sensation. The intelligence was immediately telegraphed to New Orleans, and it is believed a steamer will leave at once for San Juan with material aid for Walker.

Nothing new from Nicaragua.

The Central American papers are filled with the correspondence between the officials of New Granada and the commander of St. Mary's, relative to the recent riots at Panama.

It was reported that 1,000 Indians were approaching Dallas from the North.

Several other fights have taken place, in all of which the whites were victorious.

In Washington Territory the Indians were attacking settlers in every direction.

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## Ohio Agricultural College.

We copy with pleasure from the Ohio Farmer, the following article relative to the Ohio Agricultural College to which we ask the attention of our readers:

The circular of the Ohio Agricultural College announcing the courses of Lecturers whose aid is expected, appears this week in our advertising columns. We have repeatedly called the attention of our readers to the importance of this institution, and to the high character of the gentlemen who have given the instructions up to the present time. We need not repeat what we have before said on these points. We only add that experience has confirmed all our impressions as to the great need and value of such a school, and has realized all our hopes in respect to the ability and skill of the Professors, who, when much was expected, had surpassed the expectations of their sanguine friends.

But we wish to say a few words to our readers on the importance of their improving, for themselves and their children, the great facilities thus offered to them. As we have listened from time to time to the instructions given in the last course delivered in this city, and anticipated the great profit of our agriculture which would result from the application of the principles—expounded and demonstrated by the teachers, one strong desire has taken possession of our very soul. It is this, that a thousand of our most gifted young men could enjoy these privileges and go forth to apply the science thus gained in the farm work of the present year.

The truth is that the west cannot afford to lack a scientific agriculture. Men who are going to be farmers or doctors or ministers, all have the advantage of the best schools. The young clerk must serve an apprenticeship of years; the shoemaker must be bound out to his trade, and even the ditcher needs instruction to do his work well. How then can the great profession of agriculture be properly practised as a matter of mere knack and routine? No, we must have science as a condition of success. The wounded man, a single lecture on the diseases of cattle, and the mode of treating them, might save the pupil more money than the four entire courses would cost him. Then the lectures on soils and the crops adapted to them, might lead to a system of management which would double the value of a farm in the next ten years. Lectures on architecture would furnish principles which might make five hundred dollars difference in the comfort and elegance of a house or barn. The lectures on trees and fruits would enable the pupil to plant his new orchards in such a way, and with such kind of fruit, as to quadruple the profits of the operation in the life-time of the trees.

These are only a few of the many advantages of the present position of the Slavery question as a finality, and reiterated opinions expressed by him in his Baltimore speech. Considerable enthusiasm was manifested, and after the close of the speech many of those present took occasion to pay their personal respects to Mr. B.

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